

## School-Related Student Publications

The Board encourages students to express their views in school-sponsored publications while observing rules for responsible journalism and complying with this policy and state and federal law. To protect the rights of all members of the school community and support the district's educational mission and purposes, students are prohibited from publishing expression which:

- is false or obscene;
- is libelous, slanderous or defamatory under state law;
- presents a clear and present danger of the commission of unlawful acts, violation of school rules or material and substantial disruption of the orderly operation of the school;
- violates the privacy rights of others; or
- threatens violence to property or persons

Student editors of school-sponsored publications shall be responsible for determining the news, opinion and advertising content of their publications subject to the limitations of this policy, its accompanying regulation and applicable state and federal law. The publications advisor within each school shall be responsible for supervising the production of school-sponsored publications and for teaching and encouraging free and responsible expression and professional standards of journalism.

The publications advisor has authority to establish or limit writing assignments for students working with publications and to otherwise direct and control the learning experience that publications are intended to provide when participation in a school-sponsored publication is part of a school class or activity for which grades or school credits are given.

Adopted: 09/27/90

Revised: 08/10/00, 02/16/17, 01/17/19

LEGAL REFS.: C.R.S. 22-1-120 (rights of free expression for public school students)  
C.R.S. 22-1-123 (5)(e) (state law does not prevent a student who is working under the supervision of a journalism teacher or sponsor from preparing or participating in a survey, analysis or evaluation without obtaining written parental consent as long as participation is not prohibited by federal law)  
C.R.S. 22-32-110 (1)(r) (power to exclude materials that are immoral or pernicious)

CROSS REF.: JLDAC, Screening/Testing of Students

NOTE: The Board may want to consider a more conservative approach to the issue of editorial control of school-sponsored student publications than is reflected in this policy. Although the Colorado statute on this issue, C.R.S. 22-1-120, has never been tested in the courts, some believe that because the statute does not provide for a true "limited open forum," the Board can be more restrictive about who exercises ultimate editorial control. Some Colorado school boards have adopted policy vesting such control in the publications advisor subject to review by the superintendent and Board. We suggest discussing this issue with the district's legal counsel.